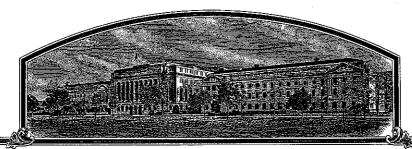
No.



THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO AVE TO WHOM THESE: PRESENTS SHAVE COME:

Hioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc.

There has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT. THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE GHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR TING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE URPOSES, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

CORN, FIELD

'PH2N1'

In Jestimonn Mucroot, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Dariety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this thirtieth day of January, in the year two thousand and eight.

Au 1

20mJun

Commissioner
Plant Variety Protection Office
Assign towal Washering Society

Secretary of

(See reverse for instructions and information collection burden statement)

Research Scientist

9-30-2005

200600004

3ENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 illing fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfiled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. **DO NOT** use masking materials o make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for ssuance of the certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvpindex.htm

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority and provide evidence that name has been cleared by the appropriate recognized authority before the Certificate of Protection is issued. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 401 NAL Building, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-5682 http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm.

TEM

19a.Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 19b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
 - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively:
 - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
 - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 19c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 19d.Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 19e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 20. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 23. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 24. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

China, 2004

24. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the rariety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. The fees for filing a change of address; owner's representative; ownership or assignment; or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.4 hours per response, including the time for reviewing anstructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

he U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, official beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information 3raille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

o file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD) SDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

:T-470 (04-03) designed by the Plant Variety Protection Office using Word 2002.

Exhibit A: Developmental history for PH2N1

Pedigree: PHGG6/PHBE2)X13211X

Pioneer Line PH2N1, Zea mays L., a yellow endosperm dent corn inbred, was developed by Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. from the single cross hybrid PHGG6 X PHBE2 (PVP Certificate No. 9500200) using the pedigree method of plant breeding. Varieties PHGG6 and PHBE2 are proprietary inbred lines of Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. Variety PHGG6 was derived by pedigree selection from the single cross hybrid PHP02 (Certificate No. 8800212) X PHR03 (Certificate No. 9100097). Selfing was practiced from the above hybrid for 8 generations using pedigree selection. During line development, crosses were made to inbred testers for the purpose of estimating the line's combining ability. Yield trials were grown at Princeton, Illinois as well as other Pioneer research locations. After initial testing, additional hybrid combinations have been evaluated and subsequent generations of the line have been grown and hand-pollinated with observations again made for uniformity.

Variety PH2N1 has shown uniformity and stability for all traits as described in Exhibit C - "Objective Description of Variety". It has been self-pollinated and ear-rowed 5 generations with careful attention paid to selection criteria and uniformity of plant type to assure genetic homozygousity and phenotypic stability. The line has been increased both by hand and in isolated fields with continued observations for uniformity and stability, and for 3 generations during the final stages of inbred development and seed multiplication. Very high standards for genetic purity have been established morphologically using field observations and using sound lab molecular marker methodology.

No variant traits have been observed or are expected in PH2N1.

The criteria used in the selection of PH2N1 were yield, both per se and in hybrid combinations. Late season plant health, grain quality, stalk lodging resistance, and kernel size are especially important in production and were also important criteria considered during selection. Other selection criteria include: ability to germinate in adverse conditions, disease and insect resistance, pollen yield and tassel size.

Exhibit A: Developmental history for PH2N1

Season/Year Pedigree Grown	Inbreeding Level of Pedigree Grown
PHGG6	F0
Summer 1992	
PHBE2 Summer 1992	F0
PHGG6/PHBE2 Winter 1992	F1
PHGG6/PHBE2)X Summer 1993	F2
PHGG6/PHBE2)X1 Summer 1994	F3
PHGG6/PHBE2)X13 Winter 1994	F4
PHGG6/PHBE2)X132 Summer 1995	F5
PHGG6/PHBE2)X1321 Winter 1995	F6
PHGG6/PHBE2)X13211 Summer 1996	F7
PHGG6/PHBE2)X13211X	F8 (SEED)

^{*}PH2N1 was selfed and ear-rowed from F3 through F7 generation.

#Uniformity and stability were established from F7 through F8 generation and beyond when seed supplies were increased.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Variety PH2N1 mostly resembles Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. proprietary inbred line PHBE2 (PVP Certificate No. 9500200). Table 1 shows two sample t-tests on data collected primarily in Johnston and Dallas Center, Iowa. In 1997 and 2004 the traits collectively show measurable differences between the two varieties.

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Variety PH2N1 has a greater ear diameter (47.8 mm vs 43.1 mm) than variety PHBE2 (Table 1).

Variety PH2N1 has fewer primary tassel branches (8.6 vs 14.0) than variety PHBE2 (Table 1).

Exhibit B: Novelty Statement Tables

Table 1: Data from Johnston and Dallas Center, Iowa in 1997 and 2004 presented by trait, across years, and broken out by year. Data are supporting evidence for differences between PH2N1 and PHBE2. Each year varieties were grown in 3 locations that had different environmental conditions. Environments had different planting dates and were in different fields. A two-sample t-test was used to compare differences between means.

Lar diameter (mm)	(mm)								٠								
Level 1. Over All	Station	Year	Year Variety-1 PH2N1	Variety-2 PHBE2	Cnt-1 25	Cnt-2 25	Mean-1 47.8	Mean-2 43.1	Mean_Diff 4.7	StDev-1 1.848	SfDev-2 1.943	StErr-1 0.370	StErr-2 0.389	DF 48	t-Value	Prob_Pool	
2. Year		1997	PHZNI	PHBE2	10	10	47.2	42.4	4.8	1.687	2.271	0.533	0.718		5.4	0.000	
2. Year		2004	PH2N1	PHBE2	15	15	48.2	43.6	4.6	1.897	1.595	0.490	0.412	28	7.2	0.000	
Tassel primar	Tassel primary branch (# of primary branches)	ırimary br	anches)														
Level 1. Over All	Station	Year	Year Variety-1 PH2N1	Variety-2 PHBE2	Cnt-1 25	Cnt-2 25	Mean-1 8.6	Mean-2 14.0	Mean_Diff -5.3	StDev-I 1.114	StDev-2 2.282	StErr-1 0.223	StErr-2 0.456	DF 1	t-Value	Prob_Pool	
2. Year		1997	PH2N1	PHBE2	10	10	9.8	12.6	4.0	0.843	1.350	0.267	0.427	. 81	-7.9	0.000	
2. Year	-	2004	PH2N1	PHBE2	15	15	8.7	14.9	-6.2	1.291	2.356	0.333	0.608	28	-8.9	0.000	

United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service Science and Technology, Plant Variety Protection Office National Agricultural Library Building, Room 400 Beltsville, MD 20705-2351

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY CORN (Zea mays L.)

Name of Applicant(s) Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc	l Variety Seed :	Source	I Variety Name or Temp I PH2N1	orary Designation
Address (Street & No., or R.F.D. No., City, St 7301 NW 62nd Avenue, P.O. Box 85, Johns	ate, Zip Code and Country ston, Iowa 50131-0085	I FOR OFFICIA	LUSE 1 PV 200	/PO Number
Place the appropriate number that describes adding leading zeroes if necessary. Complete considered necessary for an adequate variety	eness should be striven for to	establish an adequate vai	e spaces below. Right justif riety description. Traits desig	y whole numbers by gnated by a "*" are
COLOR CHOICES (Use in conjunction with M 01. Light Green 06. Pale Yellow 02. Medium Green 07. Yellow 03. Dark Green 08. Yellow-Orange 04. Very Dark Green 09. Salmon 05. Green-Yellow 10. Pink-Orange	funsell color code to describe 11. Pink 12. Light Red 13. Cherry Red 14. Red 15. Red & White	all color choices; describe 16. Pale Purple 17. Purple 18. Colorless 19. White 20. White Capped		Other (Describe)
STANDARD INBRED CHOICES [Use the mo Yellow Dent Families: Family Members B14 CM105, A632, B64, B68 B37 B37, B76, H84 B73 N192, A679, B73, Nc268 C103 Mo17, Va102, Va35, A68 Oh43 A619, MS71, H99, Va26 WF9 W64A, A554, A654, Pa9	Yellow Dent (Unrelated) Co109, ND246 Oh7, T232 W117, W153R W182BN 32 White Dent:):	Sweet Corn: C13, Iowa5125, P3 Popcorn:	39, 2132 HP301, HP7211
TYPE: (describe intermediate types in "Co		Pipecorn)	I Standard Inbred Name I 2 Type I	
2. REGION WHERE DEVELOPED IN THE U 3 (1=N.West, 2=N.Central, 3=N.Ea		S.West, 7=Other	I Standard Seed Source I _ Region	e AMES 19306
65 1,374.0 From emerg 2 71 From 10% to From 50% s	show Heat Unit formula in "Co ence to 50% of plants in silk ence to 50% of plants in polle 5 90% pollen shed ilk to optimum edible quality ilk to harvest at 25% moisture	n	DAYS	HEAT UNITS 1,280.8 1,255.0 91
4. PLANT: 261.2 cm Plant Height (to tassel tip) 98.5 cm Ear Height (to base of top ea 19.7 cm Length of Top Ear Internode 0.0 Average Number of Tillers 1.1 Average Number of Ears per Sta 3 Anthocyanin of Brace Roots: 1=A	r node)	Dev. Sample Size 9.94 15 4.75 15 0.96 15 0.03 5 0.12 3	<u>204.4</u> <u>54.6</u> <u>16.2</u> <u>0.0</u>	t.Dev. Sample Size 15.79 15 11.22 15 1.66 15 0.01 5 0.03 3
Application Variety Data	·	Page 1	I Standard Inbred Data	

Application Variety Data	Page 2	1	Standard Inbred D	ata	. An die en é
5. LEAF	St.Dev.	Sample Size	Mean	St.Dev.	Comple Cize
10.4 cm Width of Ear Node Leaf	<u>1.</u> 87		9.9		Sample Size
80.0 cm Length of Ear Node Leaf	4.03	<u>25</u> <u>25</u>	<u>9.9</u> 70.9	0.86	25 25 25 25 25
6.5 Number of leaves above top ear	0.96	2 <u>2</u> 1		<u>4.18</u>	25
25.8 Degrees Leaf Angle	9.48	25 I	<u>5.9</u>	0.57	<u>25</u>
(Measure from 2nd leaf above ear at anthesis to stalk a	9.40	<u>25</u> !	<u>32.7</u>	<u>10.21</u>	<u>25</u>
4 Leaf Color (Munsell Code) 5GY3/4	above leal)	!			. <i>i</i>
2 Leaf Sheath Pubescence (Rate on scale from 1=none	4-6-19		4 (Munsell C	.ode) <u>5GY</u>	<u> 73,44</u>
Marginal Waves (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=ma	to 9=like peach	TUZZ) I	<u>4</u>		-
Longitudinal Creases (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9	iriy)	. !	- ·		*
	-many)		-		
6. TASSEL:	St.Dev.	Sample Size 1	Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
8.6 Number of Primary Lateral Branches	1.11	<u>25</u> I	9.2	2.08	
34.8 Degrees Branch Angle from Central Spike	8.89	<u>25</u> i	<u>32.9</u>	7.76	25
62.2 cm tassel Length	3.80	25 i	<u>52.5</u> 59.2	5.43	<u>25</u> <u>25</u> <u>25</u>
(from top leaf collar to tassel tip)	0.00	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>5.45</u>	<u>23</u>
7 Pollen Shed (Rate on scale from 0=male sterile to 9=f	neavy shed)	: }	7		
1 Anther Color (Munsell Code) 2.5GY86	· ·	1	/ (Manage II O	- d- \ 4000	oko
2 Glume Color (Munsell Code) 7.5GY56		:	8 (Munsell C	ode) <u>10 Y</u>	810
1 Bar Glumes (Glume Bands): 1=Absent, 2=Present		Į.	2 (Munsell C	ode) <u>5GY</u>	<u>66</u>
	•	•	<u>1</u>		•
7a. EAR (Unhusked Data):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1 Silk Color (3 days after emergence) (Munsell Code)	2.5	GY88 i	1 Munsell Co	ode 2.5G	eva/
2 Fresh Husk Color (25 days after 50% silking) (Munse	II Code) 5G		1 Munsell Co		
21 Dry Husk Color (65 days after 50% silking) (Munsell C	Code) 2.5		21 Munsell Co		
3 Position of Ear at Dry Husk Stage: 1=Upright, 2=Horiz	zontal 3=Penden	; 7 ;		Ju e . <u>2.31</u>	0.5/4
5 Husk Tightness (Rate on scale from 1=very loose to	every tight	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3 7 2		•
Husk Extension (at harvest): 1=Short(ears exposed),	2-Very tignt 2-Medium (∠2am	\ 2-1 ong 1	· /		
(8-10cm beyond ear tip), 4=Very Long (>10cm)	z-Mediam (Nocit	i), 3-Long i	₹ .		
		·			
7b. EAR (Husked Ear Data)	St. Dev.	Sample Size I	Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
18.2 cm Ear Length	<u>1.23</u>	<u>25</u> l	<u>14.1</u>	<u>1.96</u>	25
47.8 mm Ear Diameter at mid-point	<u>1.85</u>	<u>25</u> I	46.9	1.96	25
174.9 gm Ear Weight	<u>33.57</u>	<u>25</u> l	111.7	17.69	<u>25</u> <u>25</u> <u>25</u>
15.4 Number of Kernel Rows	1.70	<u>25</u> 1	<u>15.6</u>	1.41	25
<u>2</u> Kernel Rows: 1=Indistinct, 2=Distinct		— ₁	<u>2</u>		
2 Row Alignment: 1=Straight, 2=Slightly Curved, 3=Spir	al	i	2		
13.6 cm Shank Length	2.93	2 <u>5</u> i	<u>11.6</u>	2.04	25
2 Ear Taper: 1=Slight cyl., 2=Average slightly con., 3=E	xtreme conical	=== '	11.0	<u>2.04</u>	<u>25</u>
	XI OTHO COMOUN				
8. KERNEL (Dried):	St.Dev.	Sample Size I	Mean	St.Dev.	Sample Size
12.2 mm Kernel Length	<u>0.78</u>	<u>25</u> l	<u>11.1</u>	0.83	25
8.4 mm Kernel Width	<u>0.70</u>	<u>25</u> l	8.2	0.65	25
4.8 mm Kernel Thickness	<u>0.55</u>	<u>25</u> l <u>5</u> l	4.8	0.78	2 <u>5</u> 2 <u>5</u> 2 <u>5</u> 5
26.1 % Round Kernels (Shape Grade)	6.09	<u>-</u> 5 I	<u>33.4</u>	12.49	5
 Aleurone Color Pattern: 1=Homozygous, 2=Segregatir 	ng (describe)	_ i	1 (describe)		
7 Aleurone Color (Munsell Code) 1.25Y	′8/16		7 Munsell Co	de 10	YR8/14
7 Hard Endosperm Color (Munsell Code) 10YR	612	i	7 Munsell Co		YR7/12
3 Endosperm Type: 1=Sweet(su1), 2=Extra Sweet(sh2),	3=Normal Starch	. 4=High I	3 (describe)	ue <u>10</u>	111//12
Amylose Starch, 5=Waxy Starch, 6=High Protein, 7=Hig	nh Liveina 8=Sun	n, — Ingri	<u>s</u> (describe)		
(se), 9=High Oil, 10=Other	in Lysine, 0-Sup	or Oweer 1			
32.4 gm Weight per 100 kernels (unsized sample)		- 1			
AFT And Mediant her 100 verticis (misized sample)	<u>3.36</u>	<u>5</u> I	<u>29.0</u>	<u>2.12</u>	<u>5</u>
9. COB:	St.Dev.	Sample Size I	Mean	St.Dev	Sample Size
25.8 mm Cob Diameter at mid-point	1.20	25 I	28.1	2.48	
11 Cob Color (Munsell Code) 10R6	3	<u>===</u> ;	20.1 19 Munsell C		√ôp <u>25</u>
			io Muliodii C	-046 <u>2.0</u>	'
Application Variety Data	Page 2	I .	Standard Inbred Dat	a	

Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes for color traits

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10. DISEASE RESISTANCE (Rate from 1(most susceptible) to 9 (if not tested; leave Race or Strain Options blank if polygenic): A. Leaf Blights, Wilts, and Local Infection Diseases _ Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola)			_ Anthracnose Leaf Blight Common Rust _ Common Smut Eyespot Goss's Wilt Gray Leaf Spot _ Helminthosporium Leaf Spot Northern Leaf Blight Southern Leaf Blight Southern Rust Stewart's Wilt _ Other (Specify)
B. Systemic Diseases		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Corn Lethal Necrosis (MCMV and MDMV) Head Smut (Sphacelotheca reiliana) _ Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus (MCDV) _ Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus (MCMV) Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus (MDMV) _ Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn (Peronosclerospora sorg _ Other (Specify)		 	Corn Lethal Necrosis Head Smut _ Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus _ Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus Strain Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn _ Other (Specify)
C. Stalk Rots Anthracnose Stalk Rot (Colletotrichum graminicola) Diplodia Stalk Rot (Stenocarpella maydis) Fusarium Stalk Rot (Fusarium moniliforme) Gibberella Stalk Rot (Gibberella zeae) Other (Specify)		 	Anthracnose Stalk Rot Diplodia Stalk Rot Fusarium Stalk Rot Gibberella Stalk Rot Other (Specify)
D. Ear and Kernel Rots		i	_ calci (opeoliy)
_ Aspergillus Ear and Kernel Rot (Aspergillus flavus) _ Diplodia Ear Rot (Stenocarpella maydis) _ Fusarim Ear and Kernel Rot (Fusarium moniliforme) _ Gibberella Ear Rot (Gibberella zeae) _ Other (Specify)			_ Aspergillus Ear & Kernel Rot _ Diplodia Ear Rot _ Fusarium Ear & Kernel Rot _ Gibberella Ear Rot Other (Specify)
Application Variety Data	Page 3	1	Standard Inbred Data

Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes for color traits.

U.S. Department of Agriculture 1936, 1937. Yearbook.

Standard Inbred Data

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
11. INSECT RESISTANCE	(Rate from 1(most susceptible	e) to 9 (most resistant); Leave blar		
if not tested		St. Dev. Sample Siz	ze i St. De	v. Sample S
Banks Grass Mite	(Oligonychus pratensis)		I Banks Grass Mite	
Corn Earworm (Helicov	erpa zea)		I Сотп Earworm	
_ Leaf Feeding		•	I _ Leaf Feeding	
	mg larval wt.	·	I	
_ Ear Damage		··	Ear Damage	
Corn Leaf Aphid (Rhopalosiphum maidis)		Corn Leaf Aphid	•
Corn Sap Beetle (Carpophilus dimidiatus)		Corn Sap Beetle	
European Corn Borer (0	Ostrinia nubilalis)		l European Corn Borer	
1 st Generation (Ty	pically Whorl Leaf Feeding)		1 1 st Generation	
_ 2 nd Generarion (Typically Leaf Sheath-Collar Fe	eding)	_ 2 nd Generation	
Stalk Tunneling:	. cm tunneled/plant	J,		
Fall Armyworm (Spodor	otera frugiperda)		I Fall Armyworm	
_ Leaf-Feeding			Leaf-Feeding	
Silk-Feeding	mg larval wt.		Lear-recally	
Maize Weevil (Site	philus zeamais)		Maize Weevil	·
	•		_ Walze vveevii	
_ Northern Rootworr	n (Diabrotica barberi)	`	Northern Rootworm	
Southern Rootwork	m (Diabrotica undecimpunctata	a)	Southern Rootworm	
Southwestern Corn Bore	er (Diatraea grandiosella)	•		
Leaf Feeding	(=:a::a:= g:a::a::ooo::a)	•	Southwestern Corn Borer	
	cm tunneled/plant		Leaf Feeding	
Two-spotted Spide	r Mite (Tetranychus urticae)			
Western Rootworn	n (Diabrotica virgifera virgifera)		Two-spotted Spider Mit	e
_ Other (Specify)	(Diabiolica virgilera virgilera)		_ Western Rootworm	
_ Cirici (opecity)		·	Other (Specify)	<u> </u>
12. AGRONOMIC TRAITS:			1	
5 Stay Green (at 65)	days after anthesis) (Rate on e	cale from 1=worst to 9=excellent)	1 0 0 0 0	
% Dropped Fars (at	65 days after anthesis)	cale from 1-worst to 9-excellent)	2 Stay Green	
_ % Pre-anthesis Bri	ttle Spanning		% Dropped ears	
% Pre-anthesis Ro	ot Lodging	•	% Pre-anthesis Brittle S	napping
% Post-anthesis Ro	ot Lodging ot Lodging (at 65 days after an	thonia)	% Pre-anthesis Root Loo	
Ka/ha Vield	of Inbred Per Se (at 12-13% gr	mesis)	Post-anthesis Root Lodg	ing
Ng/ila Held (of inbred Per Se (at 12-15% gr	ain moisture)	Yield	
13. MOLECULAR MARKER	S: (0=data unavailable; 1=data	available but not supplied; 2=data	a supplied.)	····
1 Isozymes	RFLP's	RAPD's	_ Other (Specify)	
·	_			· · · ·
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COMMENTS (e.g. state how heat units were calculated, standard inbred seed source, and/or where data was collected. Continue in Exhibit D)
Insect, disease, brittle snapping and root lodging data are collected mainly from environment where variability for the trait can be obtained within the experiment.

In cases where less than 15 observations are presented the trait was collected at the plot level as it always has been done in the past. This means many more plants were visually evaluated according to the procedure outlined below, and then a score of the "population" of the plants was recorded for each location.

The experiment procedures involved two or three environments with different planting dates per year, planted in 17.42 ft. rows with 2 rows for each variety. Approximately 24-30 plants emerged in each of 2 rows for a total of around 48 to 60 plants being evaluated at each location and 144 to 180 plants across locations. For plant level traits, we sampled 5 representative plants from the 2 rows of the 2 row plot (group) of plants at each location. For plot level traits we evaluated the 2 row plot (group) and gave a representative score or average on the 48-60 plants in the group within an experiment.

Some traits can be especially variable under different environmental factors influenced by weather, soil type, or planting dates. Varying temperatures or day length could impact the meristem growth during various tissue differentiation stages. The meristem differentiation of the ear and other tissues could be impacted as well as the success of pollination during flowering and frequency of kernel abortion during grain fill.

Please see the attached weather data for 2004 and 2007 below.

http://www.agron.iastate.edu/climodat/ http://mesonet.agron.iastate.edu/climodat/

Ankeny, Iowa

TEMPERATURE

YEAR	MAY	JUN	JULY	AUG	AVERAGE
1997	53.5	70.6	74.1	69.6	67.0
RAINFALL					
YEAR	MAY	JUN	JULY	AUG	Total
1997	4.32	3.27	4.10	1.36	13.05

Month	GROV	ING DEGR	EE UNTS	(GDU's)	P	RECIPITAT	10N (inche	s)
IVENTI	21	003	20	104	20	003	20	004
	D. Center	Johnston	D. Center	Johnston	D. Center	Johnston	D. Center	Johnston
May	375	380	548	527	5.7	5.43	7.19	7.75
June	606	604	609	610	1.92	4.23	1.97	3.39
July	628	782	723	736	0.18	3.4	229	4.54
August	795	786	612	615	0.44	0.51	1.95	4.95
September	456	468	598	560	2.19	252	1.38	1.24
TOTAL	2860	3020	3090	3048	10.43	16.09	14.78	21.87

Calculate GDU's

Growing Degree Units use following formula: GDU=((T1+T2)/2)-50

Where T1 = minimum temperature for a given day with 50 degrees Fahrenheit as the minimum temperature used and 86 degrees Fahrenheit is the maximum temperature used. Where T2 = maximum temperature for a given day with 86 degrees Fahrenheit as the maximum temperature used and 50 degrees Fahrenheit is the minimum temperature used. GDU's are calculated each day and accumulated (summed) over certain number of days.

CLARIFICATION OF DATA IN EXHIBITS B AND C

Please note the data presented in Exhibit B and C, "Objective Description of Variety," are collected primarily at Johnston and Dallas Center, Iowa. The data in Table 1 are from two sample t-tests using data collected in Johnston and Dallas Center, IA. These traits in Exhibit B collectively show distinct differences between the two varieties.

Exhibit D

6. Search Results. We compared PH2N1 with PHR03 in 2004 and 2005 using a paired t-test. The results listed below show that PH2N1 has significantly wider ear diameter than PHR03. Variety PH2N1 also has significantly longer kernel length.

PH2N1_PHR03

Ear diameter (mm)

		!														
Level	Station	Year \	Variety-1	Variety-2	Cnt-1	Cnt-2	Mean-1	Mean-2	Mean_Diff	StDev-1	StDev-2	S(Err-1	StErr-2	PF.	t-Value	Prob Pool
1. Over All			PH2N1	PHR03	35	35	47.6	42.9	4.7	1.929	1.458	0.326	0.246	; 89 89	11.5	0.000
2. Year		2004	PH2N1	PHR03	15	15	48.2	43.6	4.6	1.897	1.454	0.490	0.375	78	7.5	0.000
2. Year		2005	PH2N1	PHR03	20	20	47.1	42.3	4.8	1.861	1.218	0.416	0.272	38	9.7	0.000
Kernel length (mm)	nm)															
Level	Station	 Year \	Variety-1	Variety-2	Cnt-1	Cnt-2	Mean-1	Mean-2	Mean_Diff	StDev-1	StDev-2	StErr-1	StErr-2	DF	t-Value	Prob Pool
1. Over All			PH2N1	PHR03	35	35		17.1	1.5		0.631	0.102	0.107	89	10.1	0.000
2. Year		2004	PH2N1	PHR03	15	5	12.4	11.1	1.3	0.632	0.743	0.163	0.192	28	5.0	0.000
2. Year		2005	PH2N1	PHR03	50	20	12.8	11.1	1.7	0.550	0.553	0.123	0.124	38	9.5	0.000

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and edition date on all reproductions.	FORM APPROVED - OMB NO. 05	591 0055
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE EXHIBIT E STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	Application is required in order to determine certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421) confidential until the certificate is issued (ine if a plant variety protection The information is held
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S) PIONEER HI-BRED INTERNATIONAL, INC.	2.TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME PH2N1
4 .ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5.TELEPHONE (include area code)	6. FAX (include area code)
7301 NW 62 nd AVENUE	515-270-4051	515-253-2125
P.O.BOX 85	7.PVPO NUMBER	
JOHNSTON, IA 50131-0085	2	00600004
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in the appropriate	block. If no, please explain: 🛛 YES	□NO
9.Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or a U.S. based compan	y? If no, give name of country. ⊠ YE	ES 🗆 NO
10. Is the applicant the original owner?	nswer <u>one</u> of the following:	
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the or	riginal owner(s) a U.S. National(s)?	•
☐ YES ☐ NO If no, give name of country		
b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies), is (are) the	e original owner(s) a U.S. based company	?
☑ YES □ NO If no, give name of country		
11. Additional explanation on ownership (Trace ownership from original breeder to	current owner. Use the reverse for extra	space if needed):
Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. (PHI), Des Moines, Iowa, and/or its wholly is the employer of the plant breeders involved in the selection and developm Corporation has the sole rights and ownership of PH2N1 pursuant to written such variety was created. No rights to this variety are retained by any individual contents of the cont	ent of PH2N1. Pioneer Hi-Bred Internation contracts that assign all rights in the varies	nal and/or Pioneer Overseas
PLEASE NOTE:		
Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licensees) who meet the f	following criteria:	
	·	en e

- 1. If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that person must be a U.S. national, national of a UPOV member country, or national of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- 2. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the original breeder(s), the company must be U.S. based, owned by nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
- 3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed the final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definitions.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is estimated to average 0.1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (202) 720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal employment opportunity provide and employer.

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Form Approved OMB NO 0581-0055

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To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal employment opportunity provide and employer.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE BELTSVILLE, MD 20705

EXHIBIT F
DECLARATION REGARDING DEPOSIT

	DECLARATION REGARDING DEPOSIT	
NAME OF OWNER (S)	ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, and Zip Code and Country)	TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION
Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc.	7301 NW 62 nd Avenue	
	Johnston, IA 50131-0085	VARIETY NAME PH2N1
NAME OF OWNER REPRESETATIVE (S)	ADDRESS (Street and No. or RD No., City, State, and Zip Code and Country)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Steven R. Anderson	7301 NW 62 nd Avenue Johnston, IA 50131-0085	200600004

I do hereby declare that during the life of the certificate a viable sample of propagating material of the subject variety will be deposited, and replenished as needed periodically, in a public repository in the United States in accordance with the regulations established by the Plant Variety Protection Office.

Strew & Underson
Signature

10-3-2005

Date